



Annual Financial Report For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 5402 Holly Rd. Suite 102 Corpus Christi, TX 78411 Office: (361) 980-0428 Fax: (361) 980-1002

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Name of School District NUECES County 178-913 Co./Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above-named school district were reviewed and (check one) ______approved ______disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2021, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the _19th_day of January 2022.

Signature of Board Secretary

Board President Signature of

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is(are): (attach list as necessary)

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Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 5402 Holly Rd, Suite 102 Corpus Christi, Texas 78411 Office (361)980-0482 Fax (361)980-1002

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Banquete Independent School District 4339 4th Street Banquete, Texas 78339

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Banquete Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Banquete Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Banquete Independent School District, as of August 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual-General Fund, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the District Contributions-Teacher Retirement System of Texas, and Schedule of the District Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability-Teacher Retirement System of Texas, the Schedule of District Contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas OPEB Plan, and the related Notes to Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2022, on our consideration of the Banquete Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Banquete Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

Corpus Christi, Texas January 19, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Banquete Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and the District's Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's financial position of governmental activities increased to \$6,414,869.

During the year, the District had tax revenues of \$6,342,042 for general purposes and \$2,262,553 for debt service. In addition, the District generated \$4,094,818 in grant and contribution revenues.

The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of 33,187,964, which is an decrease of (788,573) from the prior year. The Debt Service ended the year with a fund balance of 817,519, which represents a 161,796 increase from the prior year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities on pages 9 and 10. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements starting on page 11 report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements starting on page 21 provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 10. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Financial Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities of disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's financial position and changes in them. The District's financial position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's financial position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities, we present the District's one kind of activity:

Governmental activities-Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities-The District has no business-type activities currently.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 11 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's two kinds of funds-governmental and proprietary-use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds-Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements. Proprietary funds-The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities-such as the District's self-insurance programs.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Financial position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The District implemented GASB Statement #34 in 2002. We have presented both current and prior year data and will discuss significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the financial position (Table I) and changes in financial position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Financial Position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$5,573,191 to \$6,414,869. Unrestricted financial position – the part of financial position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$2,160,186) at August 31, 2021, as opposed to (\$378,901) in the prior year.

Finan	cial Position		
	Govern	nmental	
	Acti	vities	
	2021	2020	Change
ASSETS		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
Current and other assets	\$ 7,524,116	\$ 8,537,248	\$ (1,013,132)
Capital assets	15,608,533	11,804,349	3,804,184
Total assets	23, 132, 649	20,341,597	2,791,052
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			-
Deferred Charge for Refunding	838,224	847,365	(9,141)
Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	1,289,889	1,113,102	176,787
Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	919,691	1,055,655	(135,964)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,047,804	3,016,122	31,682
LIABILITIES		(
Current liabilities	4,167,956	2,825,901	1,342,055
Noncurrent liabilities	12,803,797	12,822,317	(18,520)
Total liabilities	16,971,753	15,648,218	1,323,535
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	364,290	389,939	(25,649)
Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	2,429,540	1,746,371	683,169
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,793,830	2,136,310	657,520
NET POSITION	and the second second	The second second	The second second
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	7,061,228	5,057,444	2,003,784
Restricted	1,513,827	894,648	619,179
Unrestricted	(2, 160, 186)	(378,901)	(1,781,285)
Total net position	\$ 6,414,869	\$ 5,573,191	\$ 841,678

Table 1 Financial Position

	Governmental Activities 2021		Activities Activities		Change	
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	333,461	\$	187,782	\$	145,679
Operating grants and contributions		1,213,756		881,038		332,718
General Revenues:						
Maintenance and operations taxes		6,342,042		6,286,640		55,402
Debt service taxes		2,262,553		2,208,604		53,949
Grants and Contributions not		4,094,818		6,048,484		(1,953,666)
restricted to specific functions						
Investment Earnings		3,385		68,231		(64,846)
Misc Local and Intermediate Revenue		58,659		69,393		(10,734)
Total Revenue		14,308,674	-	15,750,171	_	(1,441,497)
Expenses:						
Instruction, curriculum and media services		7,228,891		7,504,838		(275,947)
Instructional and school leadership		1,179,050		918,572		260,478
Student support services		449,847		923,016		(473,169)
Child nutrition		575,601		600,036		(24,435)
Extracurricular activities		543,161		554,840		(11,679)
General administration		802,146		727,780		74,366
Plant maintenance, security & data processing		1,944,410		1,924,396		20,014
Community services		2,366		in a star		2,366
Debt Services		391,193		334,415		56,778
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Program						
Total Expenses	1	13,116,665	_	13,487,893		(371,228)
Increase in net position before transfers and special items		1,192,009		2,262,278		(1,070,269)
Special Item		(350,331)		(62,730)		(287,601)
Net Position at 9/1/19		5,573,191		3,373,642		2,199,549
Net Position at 8/31/20	\$	6,414,869	\$	5,573,191	\$	841,678

Table II

The District's total revenues increased by \$1,441,497 and the District's expenditures increased by (\$371,228) over the prior year. Adjustments relating to OPEB expense resulted in a change to several functions.

The District property tax rate decreased to \$1.4328 from the previous year, while the District's tax revenues increased by approximately \$109,351 in 2021.

The cost of all governmental activities for the year was \$13,116,665, as opposed to \$13,487,893, in the previous year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was only \$6,342,042 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet) reported a combined fund surplus of \$4,696,548 as opposed to a fund balance of \$4,871,185 from the previous year.

The capital expenditures reduce available fund balances, but they also create new assets for the District as reported in the Statement of Financial Position and as discussed in the Footnotes to the financial statements.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget. These budget amendments fall into two categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances. The second category includes changes that the Board made during the last month of the fiscal year. There were no major amendments to the original budgets.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2021, the District had approximately \$31 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture & equipment, and capital leases. This year's major additions included:

	2021	2020
Land	\$ 357,964	\$ 357,964
Buildings and Improvements	22,695,846	22,695,846
Furniture and Equipment	3,681,637	3,617,374
Capital Leases	389,482	389,482
Construction in Progress	4,262,945	49,999
Totals at Historical Cost	31,387,874	27,110,665
Accumulated Depreciation	(15,779,341)	(15,306,316)
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 15,608,533	\$ 11,804,349

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note F (page 32) to the financial statements.

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$9.2M in bonds and other long-term debt outstanding

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note G (page 33) of the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2022 budget, tax rates. One of those factors is the economy. The District is located in a "low-income" area, as evidenced by the number of students on "Free and Reduced-Price" meals (approximately 69.59 percent). The district started on CEP Program in 2019-2021, which allows all students (no matter income) to receive free breakfast and lunch.

The District's Board of Trustees set the 2021-2022 tax rate at \$1.35703. The District's appraised/assessed property value was \$629,251,966 for 2022, which was an increase compared to the previous year. The District's property tax revenue is projected to experience a moderate increase.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2022. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$11,070,319. The District will use its revenues to finance programs we currently offer. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2022 budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Banquete Independent School District, Banquete, Texas.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

Data	ata		Primary Government			
Contro	1	Ge	vernmental			
Codes		Activities				
ASSE	TS	_				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	S	437,607			
1120	Current Investments		5,229,211			
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		1,084,471			
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(216,894)			
240	Due from Other Governments		851,665			
267	Due from Fiduciary Funds		72,012			
410	Prepayments Capital Assets:		66,044			
1510	Land		357,964			
1520	Buildings, Net		10,633,949			
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		229,189			
1550	Leased Property Under Capital Leases, Net		124,486			
1580	Construction in Progress		4,262,945			
000	Total Assets	_	23,132,649			
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_				
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		838,224			
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension		1,289,889			
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	_	919,691			
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,047,804			
LIAB	ILITIES					
2140	Interest Payable		14,129			
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		383,165			
2177	Due to Fiduciary Funds		295,774			
2180	Due to Other Governments		1,279,074			
2300	Unearned Revenue		1,977			
	Noncurrent Liabilities:					
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:		2,261,331			
2502	Bonds, Notes, Leases, etc.		7,056,704			
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		2,506,979			
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		3,172,620			
2000	Total Liabilities	_	16,971,753			
	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension		364,290			
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		2,429,540			
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,793,830			
NET	POSITION		Sec. Sec.			
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:		7,061,228			
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs		408,631			
8850	Restricted for Debt Service		817,519			
8860	Restricted for Capital Projects		287,677			
3900	Unrestricted		(2,160,186)			
3000	Total Net Position	\$	6,414,869			

EXHIBIT B-1

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data					Program Re	evenues		Position
Con	trol		i i	3		4 Operating		6 Primary Gov
Code	S		Expenses		Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Pri	nary Government:							
(GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11	Instruction	S	6,962,281	s	196,850 \$	688,565	\$	(6,076,866)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	2	89,501	2				(89,501)
13	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	nt	177,109		1.1	560		(176,549)
23	School Leadership		723,087		4			(723,087)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Service	s	455,963		-	-		(455,963)
33	Health Services		78,087		-	-		(78,087)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		371,760					(371,760)
35	Food Services		575,601		90,696	524,631		39,726
36	Extracurricular Activities		543,161		29,340			(513,821)
41	General Administration		802,146			-		(802,146)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1.690,409		16,575			(1,673,834)
53	Data Processing Services		254,001		-			(254,001)
61	Community Services		2,366		-	-		(2,366)
72	Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		143,719			-		(143,719)
73	Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		247,474			-		(247,474)
[7	P] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	13,116,665	\$	333,461 \$	1,213,756	-	(11,569,448)
	Data Control G Codes	ieneral Rever Taxes:	iues:	-			-	
	MT		Taxes, Levied	for	General Purpose	9		6,342,042
	DT		Taxes, Levied					2,262,553
	GC		Contributions					4,094,818
	IE	Investment						3,385
	MI			Inter	mediate Revenue	8		58,659
	S1 S	pecial Item -						(350,331)
	TR	Total Gener	al Revenues an	id Sp	pecial Items			12,411,126
	CN		Change in I	Net 1	Position			841,678
	NB N	let Position -	Beginning					5,573,191
	NE N	let Position -	Ending				\$	6,414,869

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

Data			10		State		50
Contro			General		Instructional		Debt Service
Codes			Fund		Materials		Fund
AS	SETS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	38,735	\$	12,020	\$	18,278
1120	Investments - Current		4,541,685		-		683,536
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		745,341				339,130
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(149,068)				(67,826)
1240	Due from Other Governments		162,694		429,493		
1260	Due from Other Funds		305,293		279,928		115,705
1410	Prepayments		65,650		-		
1000	Total Assets	\$	5,710,330	\$	721,441	S	1,088,823
LL	ABILITIES						
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	372,300	\$		\$	
2170	Due to Other Funds		411,478		411,413		-
2180	Due to Other Governments		1,142,314				-
2300	Unearned Revenue				÷		
2000	Total Liabilities		1,926,092		411,413		
DE	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		596,273				271,304
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		596,273				271,304
FU	ND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance:						
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction				310,028		-
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt						817,519
3510	Committed Fund Balance: Construction						
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		3,187,964				
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	3,187,964	-	310,028	1	817,519
4000		e.		s		ę	1,088,823
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	5,710,329	\$	721,441	\$	1,(

EXHIBIT C-1

_		_			
	60				Total
	Capital		Other		Governmental
-	Projects	_	Funds	-	Funds
\$	287,677	\$	80,897	\$	437,607
			3,990		5,229,211
			4		1,084,471
					(216,894)
	- G		259,478		851,665
	1.41		50,864		751,790
_	14		394		66,044
\$	287,677	\$	395,623	\$	8,203,894
\$		\$	10,865	s	383,165
0		0	152,661	ñ	975,552
	1.1		136,760		1,279,074
			1,977		1,977
_	÷.	_	302,263	_	2,639,768
			4		867,577
_	÷	_	342	_	867,577
	4		98,603		408,631
	1.10				817,519
	287,677				287,677
		_	(5,243)		3,182,721
	287,677		93,360		4,696,548
\$	287,677	\$	395,623	\$	8,203,893

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

EXHIBIT C-2

AUGUST 31, 2021

AUGUST 31,	2021		
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$		4,696,548
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other func- the internal service funds are included in governmental activ position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase ne	Is. The assets and liabilities of ities in the statement of net		
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the yeal \$27,110,665 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$15,306 liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term activities is to decrease net position.	r, the cost of these assets was ,316). In addition, long-term in the current period, and, effect of including the beginning		5,891,600
3 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal pay fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increa reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financia including the 2021 capital outlays and debt principal payment	ases in capital assets and al statements. The net effect of		1,696,018
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the the net pension liability required by GASB 68. At the begins related to TRS was a Deferred Resource Outflow in the amo Resource Inflow in the amount of \$364,290 and a net pensio \$2,506,979.	ning of the year, the net position unt of \$1,289,889, a Deferred		(1,581,380)
5 The District participates in the TRS-Care plan for retirees th of the TRS plan resulted in a net OPEB liability of \$3,172,62 and a deferred inflow of \$2,429,540.			(4,682,469)
6 The 2021 depreciation expense increases accumulated depre current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	ciation. The net effect of the		(473,025)
7 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessar accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. T unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclass as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabiliti term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassification net position.	hese include recognizing ifying the proceeds of bond sales es associated with maturing long-		867,577
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	-	6	6,414,869

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BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	State Instructional Materials		50 Debt Service Fund
REVENUES:			-		
 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 	S	6,674,450 3,867,330 113,093	\$	\$	2,308,444 9,177
5020 Total Revenues	_	10,654,873	317,528		2,317,621
EXPENDITURES:	_			_	
Current:					
 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0023 School Leadership 		5,984,686 83,384 164,279 685,061	37,600		
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		433,674 71,362 340,608			i.
0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0053 Data Processing Services 0061 Community Services Debt Service: Debt Service:		511,885 761,080 1,599,885 250,101 2,311			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt 0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay:		187,888 16,911	1.1.1		1,950,000 184,241 21,584
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		•	•	_	
6030 Total Expenditures		11,093,115	37,600		2,155,825
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	-	(438,242)	279,928	Ę	161,796
 7911 Capital Related Debt Issued 7913 Capital Leases 7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds 		-	5		÷.
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	4
SPECIAL ITEMS:	_			-	
7918 Special Item - Resource 1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(350,331) (788,573)	279,928	-	161,796
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	3,976,537	30,100	-	655,723
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	3,187,964	\$ 310,028	\$	817,519

	60 apital	Other	Total Governmental
	ojects	Funds	Funds
\$	- \$	90,699 \$	9,073,593
-		63,919	4,257,954
_		741,610	854,703
_		896,228	14,186,250
	191	486,502	6,508,788
	-	2.0	83,384
		560	164,839
		-	685,061
			433,674
			71,362
		574 671	340,608 524,631
		524,631	511,885
			761,080
2	,958,056		4,557,941
			250,101
	-	7	2,311
	-		2,137,888
	Sec. De		201,152
	225,890		247,474
	,304,889		1,304,889
4	488,835	1,011,693	18,787,068
(4	,488,835)	(115,465)	(4,600,818)
4	l,100,000	a.	4,100,000
	515,268		515,268
_	161,244		161,244
	,776,512	÷.,	4,776,512
_			(350,331
	287,677	(115,465)	(174,637
	•	208,825	4,871,185
\$	287,677 \$	93,360 \$	4,696,548

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT C-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Fotal Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(174,637)
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self- nsurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to ncrease net position.		
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund inancial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long erm debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2020 capit outlays and debt principal payments is to decrease net position.		1,696,018
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	se	(473,025)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accruation of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	e ie	17,206
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$197,608 but also ncreased expenditures in the amount of \$300,078. The net effect on the change in the ending net position was a increase in the amount of \$163,439.		(265,909)
Current year changes due to GASB 75 increased revenues in the amount of \$74,885 but also decreased expenditures in the amount of (\$43,392). The net effect on the change in the ending ne position was a decrease in the amount of \$76,252.	t	42,025
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	S	841,678

Governmental Activities -

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

	s	Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	38,392	
Investments - Current		35,773	
Total Assets		74,165	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable		34,981	
Total Liabilities		34,981	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted Net Position	-	39,184	
Total Net Position	\$	39,184	

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
\$	19
	19
	19
	39,165
\$	39,184
	\$

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

		Governmental Activities -	
	Internal Service Fund		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		14,663	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		59,502	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	74,165	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	1		
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income:	s	19	
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:			
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable		14,644	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	14,663	

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	109,445
Due from Other Funds		295,774
Total Assets	-	405,219
LIABILITIES		
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		333,207
Due to Other Funds		72,012
Total Liabilities		405,219

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Banquete Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other authoritative sources identified in *Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69* of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net position liability, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all the Banquete Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds, and between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and enterprise funds remain on the government-wide statements and appear on the governmentwide Statement of Net Assets as internal balances and on the Statement of Activities as interfund transfers. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the governmentwide Statement of Activities.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims, and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (continued)

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of <u>economic</u> resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Assets. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. Debt Service Funds The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.
- Capital Projects Funds The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.
- 4. Special Revenue Fund The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The fund is State Instructional Materials.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

- Special Revenue Funds The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific
 purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial
 assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned
 to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- Permanent Funds The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that the
 principal may not be expended and where the income may only be used for purposes that support the
 District's programs. The District has no Permanent Funds.
 Proprietary Funds:
- 3. Enterprise Funds The District's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund. The District's has no Enterprise Funds.
- 4. Internal Service Funds Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's Internal Service Fund is the "Worker's Compensation Self Insurance Fund".

Banquete Independent School District Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended August 31, 2021

D. FUND ACCOUNTING (continued)

Fiduciary Funds:

- Private Purpose Trust Funds The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District has no Private Purpose Trust Fund.
- 6. Custodial Funds: The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. These funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for student and other organizations. These funds were previously reported in an agency fund. This change resulted in reporting the detail of additions to and deductions from custodial funds causing a change in the fund net position whereas these details were not reported for agency funds. This change is a result of the implementation of GASB 84. The District's Custodial Funds are the Tax Office Fund, Payroll Clearing Fund, and the Student Activity Funds. These funds did not require an Statement of Changes Fiduciary Fund-Net Position (Exhibit E-2).
- 7. Other Special Revenue Funds: The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary and similar fund-types, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. The District reports inventories of supplies at weighted average cost including consumable maintenance, instructional, office, athletic, and transportation items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.
- 3. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- 4. It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
- 5. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building	20
Improvements	
Infrastructure	50
Vehicles	5
Office Equipment	5
Computer Equipment	5

- 6. Beginning in fiscal year 1993, the District established a Worker's Compensation Self-Insurance Plan for District employees. The plan covers all employees of the District. Individual claims exceeding \$150,000 and aggregate claims exceeding \$1,000,000 per year are covered by a private insurance carrier. The District established an Internal Service Fund to account for this plan.
- 7. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints of their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

8. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Enterprise Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit J-4 and the other report is Exhibit J-5.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

August 31, 2021	
Fund Balance	

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund Nonappropriated Budget Funds	_	530,834 222,104
All Special Revenue Funds	\$	752,938

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District had excess of expenditures over appropriations:General Fund:Debt Service:Function 13-(\$14,287)Function 51-(\$299,498)Function 73-(\$15,584)Function 31-(\$71,123)Function 53-(\$31,337)Function 41-(\$50,742)Function 53-(\$31,337)

C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

There had one Fund Equity Deficit in Other State Special Revenues (Fund 429) in the amount of (\$5,243).

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the **Depository Contract Law**. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (continued)

At August 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$5,669,342 and the bank balance was \$5,925,223. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2021 and during the year ended August 31, 2021 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a. Depository: Plains Capital Bank
- The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$5,353,033.
- c. The highest combined balances of cash, savings, and time deposit accounts amounted to \$2,055,946 and occurred during the month of July, 2021.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$250,000.

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practice, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's temporary investments at August 31, 2021, are shown below:

Name		arrying mount	Market Value		
TEXPOOL-MMA LONESTAR INV. POOL	\$	1,465 1,059	\$	1,465 1,059	
TEXAS TERM	5,229,211			229,211 231,735	

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (continued)

1. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement no. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk it they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk that in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interestearning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (continued)

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower that AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at August 31, 2021 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

	Due From Other Funds		Due To Other Funds			
General Fund:	-		-			
Special Revenue Fund	\$	284,145	\$	279,928		
Debt Service Fund		8		115,705		
Capital Projects Fund				1.		
Trust & Agency		72,012		295,774		
Total General Fund		356,157		691,407		
Special Revenue Fund:						
General Fund		279,928		284,145		
Total Special Revenue Fund		279,928		284,145		
Agency Fund						
General Fund	-	295,774	-	72,012		
	-	295,774	-	72,012		
Debt Service Fund						
General Fund	-	115,705		-		
TOTAL	\$	1,047,564	\$	1,047,564		
	_					

E. FUND BALANCES

The District has nonspendable, restricted, committed and unassigned fund balance as follows.

Description	Amount			
Nonspendable Fund Balances:				
Inventories	<u> </u>			
Restricted Fund Balances:				
Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions	408,631			
Retirement of Long Term Debt	817,519			
	1,226,150			
Committed Fund Balance:				
Construction	287,677			
	287,677			
Unassigned:				
General Fund	3,182,721			
Total Fund Balance	\$ 4,696,548			

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended August 31, 2021, was as follows:

		Primary Go	overnment	
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirement	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Land	\$ 357,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 357,964
Buildings and Improvements	22,695,846	1		22,695,846
Furniture and Equipment	3,617,374	64,263		3,681,637
Capital Leases	389,482			389,482
Construction in Progress	49,999	4,262,945	49,999	4,262,945
Totals at Historic Cost	27,110,665	4,327,208	49,999	31,387,874
Less Accumulated	And the second s			
Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(11,669,938)	(391,959)		(12,061,897)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,398,597)	(53,851)	~	(3,452,448)
Capital Leases	(237,781)	(27,215)		(264,996)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(15,306,316)	(473,025)		(15,779,341)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,804,349	\$ 3,854,183	\$ 49,999	\$ 15,608,533

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental		
function as follows:		
Instruction	\$	241,296
Instructional Resources and Media Services		4,477
Curriculum Dev. And Instructional Staff Dev.		8,955
School Leadership		17,911
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		8,955
Health Services		4,477
Student (Pupil) Transporation		23,058
Food Services		26,865
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		19,317
General Administration		26,776
Plant Maintenance and Operations	122	90,938
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	473,025

G. BONDS PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the General Long-Term debt Account Group, and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in general long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2021, is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	nterest Current Year	f	leginning Balance	Incr	ease	[Decreases		Ending Balance	D	Amounts ue Within Dne Year
U/L Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	3.0%	\$ 6,390,000	\$ 95,841	\$	2,580,000	\$		\$	1,650,000	\$	930,000	\$	675,000
U/L Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	2-4%	3,245,000	88,400		2,355,000		÷		300,000		2,055,000		310,000
Maintenance Tax Notes, Series 2017	2.95%	288,260	5,301		178,159		~		57,611		120,548		59,359
Time Warrants, Series 2019	2.20%	567,000	10,115		457,000				111,000		346,000		113,000
U/L Tax School Building Bond, Series 2021	2.00%	4,100,000				4,1	00,000				4,100,000		970,000
Public Property Financing	2.30%	515,268				5	15,268				515,268		46,427
Premium / discount					1,137,400	1	61,244		67,494		1,231,150		67,494
Capital Lease			1,495	2	39,345	1	1.8	1	19,277	-	20,068		20,051
Total governmental activities			\$ 201,152	\$	6,746,904	\$ 4,7	76,512	\$	2,205,382	\$	9,318,034	\$	2,261,331

The District issued time warrants-Series 2019 in the amount of \$567,000, interest rate 2.2%, payable annually \$110,000-\$118-000 with maturity date August 31, 2024.

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended					Total
August 31		Principal	Interest	Re	quirements
2022	\$	2,193,837	\$ 225,508	\$	2,419,345
2023		2,253,698	146,349		2,400,047
2024		2,176,582	96,066		2,272,648
2025		394,297	45,256		439,553
2026		415,837	29,914		445,751
Thereafter	-	652,233	26,626		678,859
Total	\$	8,086,484	\$ 569,719	\$	8,656,203
				_	

G. BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

Advance Refunding of Debt

On April 13, 2012, the District issued Series 2012 bonds totaling \$6,390,000 with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 3.50% to advance refund \$6,390,000 of Series 2005 Bonds with an interest rate 5.00%. The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities, which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, \$6,390,000 of Series 2005 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds is now \$1,023,057. On April 5, 2012, the District issued Series 2012A bonds totaling \$590,000 with interest rates ranging from 1.87% to 2.37% to pay off a short term note payable of \$547,000 with an interest rate of 1.790%. As a result, the \$547,000 short term note payable is considered to be defeased and the liability for that payable was removed from the debt. The refunding resulted in a reduction of total debt service payments over 13 years by \$241,925 to obtain an economic gain of \$233,884. During the year ended August 31, 2021, the District defeased \$1,000,000 of Series 2012 bonds to save on total debt service. Accordingly, the related liabilities are not included in the District's financial statements. The District placed \$1,000,000 of cash and other monetary assets acquired with existed resources in an escrow account to provide resources for all future debt service payments of \$1,000,000 of defeased debt.

Advance Refunding of Debt

On June 15, 2015, the District issued Series 2015 bonds totaling \$3,245,000 with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% to advance refund \$3,245,000 of Series 2007 Bonds with an interest rate 5.00%. The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities, which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, \$3,245,000 of Series 2007 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds is now \$495,000. The refunding resulted in a reduction of total debt service payments over 12 years by \$229,783 to obtain an economic gain of \$205,080.

H. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASE

The District leases several copy machines under an operating lease which requires monthly lease payments to IOS Capital beginning 9-18-19. Rental Expenditures totaled \$36,733 in 2021. This was the last year of these contracts.

I. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended August 31, 2021 employees of the Banquete Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the plan). The District contributed \$225 per month per employee to the plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholding to pay contributions or premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The plan was authorized by Section 21.922. Texas Education code, and was documented by contractual agreement.

The Texas School Employees Uniform Group Health Coverage Act, which was enacted by the 77th Texas Legislature, established a statewide health insurance program for public education employees effective September 1, 2006. The Banquete ISD has elected to participate in the statewide TRS Active-Care Program.

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

B. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separatelyissued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

C. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for the 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 12 of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates		
	2020	2021
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.5%
Employers	7.5%	7,5%
Banquete ISD 2021 Employer Contributio	ns	\$ 197,608
Banquete ISD 2021 Member Contribution	S	\$ 578,799
Banquete ISD 2020 NECE On-Behalf Cor	ntributions	\$447,613

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA). As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- · During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.5 percent
 of the member's salary beginning in the fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal
 year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.250%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return*	7.25% 2.03/0. Source for the rate is
	the Fixed Income Market
	Data/Yield Curve/Data
	Municipal Bonds with 20
	years to maturity that include
	onlu federally tax-exempt
	municipal bonds as reported
	in Fidelity Index's "20-Year
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019	Municipal GO AA Index."
Inflation	2.3%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Payroll Growth Rate	Not provided in TRS 2020 CAFR
Benefit Changes during the year	Not provided in TRS 2020 CAFR
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation reported dated November 14, 2019.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below:

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation ¹	Long-term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ²	Expected Contribution to Long Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	3.9%	0.99%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.92%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.6%	0.83%
Private Equity	14%	6.7%	1.41%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	-0.7%	-0.50%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	1.9%	0.11%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.6%	1.01%
Energy, Natural Res	6%	6.0%	0.42%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	3.0%	0.30%
Leverage			
Cash	1%	-1.5%	-0.03%
Asset Allocation Leverage	0%	-1.3%	0.08%
Inflation			2.00%
Volatility Drag ³			-0.67%
Total	100%		7.33%

1 Target allocations are based on the FY2020 policy model.

2 Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2020)

3 The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

G. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

Banquete ISD's proportionate share of the		Decrease in ant Rate (6.25%)	a second second second	nt Rate (7.25%)	Di	Increase in scount Rate (8.25%)
Banquete ISD's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	s	3,865,716	\$	2,506,979	\$	1,403,034

H. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$2,506,979 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 2,506,979
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	5,810,251
Total	\$ 8,317,230

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0046808706%, which was an increase (decrease) of .0007591485%) from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,162,361 and revenue of \$698,844 for support provided by the State.

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 4,578	\$ 69,963	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	581,708	247,338	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	50,752		
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	455,243	46,989	
Total as of August 31, 2018 measurement date	1,092,281	364,290	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to be calculated by employer]	197,608		
Total	\$ 1,289,889	\$ 364,290	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount			
2022	\$	196,975		
2023		210,384		
2024		186,266		
2025		94,993		
2026		24,313		
Thereafter		15,060		

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,038,634	\$ 661,479	\$ 193,134	\$ 2,506,979	

K. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The Banquete Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is grated the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</u>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees

	M	edicare	Non-Medicare	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates			
	2020		2021
Active Employee	0.65%	-	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%
Employers	0.75%		0.75%
Federal/private Fudning remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%
Banquete ISD 2021 Employer Contributions		s	74,885
Banquete ISD 2021 Member Contributions		\$	48,860
Banquete ISD 2020 NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$	85,239

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (*regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program*). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$230.8 million in fiscal year 2020 to maintain premiums and benefit levels in the 2020-2021 biennium.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2019. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions: The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of the TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2019 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2020:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability Incidence General Inflation Wage Inflation Expected Payroll Growth

K. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

	August 31 2019 rolled forward
Valuation Date	to August 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	2.63%
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses
	related to the delivery of health care
	benefits are included in the age-adjusted
	claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% - 9.05%, including inflation
Healthcare Trend Rates	Not provided in TRS 2020 CAFR
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation
	prior to age 65 and 75% participation
	after age 65, 25% of pre-65 retirees are
	assumed to discontinue at age 65
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

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Other Information: There is none for 2020.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of .30 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contribution entity are made at the statutory required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able* to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2020 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% or less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.33%)		10 C 10 C 10 C	rrent Single int Rate (2.33%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.33%)	
Banquete's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability:	s	3,807,137	s	3,172,620	\$	2,671,443

Heatlhcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	19	1% Decrease		ent Healthcare st Trend Rate	1% Increase		
Banquete's proportionate					-		
share of the Net OPEB liability:	5	2,591,624	\$	3,172,620	S	3,946,424	

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$3,172,620 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB liability	\$	3,172,620	
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	1.00	4,263,241	
Total	\$	7,435,861	

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0083458117%, which was an increase (decrease) of (.0001901923%) from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50 percent to 40 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The ultimate health care trend rate assumption was lowered from 4.5 percent to 4.25 percent as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. These changes decreased the TOL.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,258 and revenue of \$(29,602) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 166,117	\$ 1,451,953
Changes in actuarial assumptions	195,685	871,218
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,031	L
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	481,973	106,369
Total as of August 31, 2018	844,806	2,429,540
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	74,885	
Total	\$ 919,691	\$ 2,429,540

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount					
2022	\$	(265,073)				
2023		(265,211)				
2024	-	(265,290)				
2025		(265,269)				
2026		(180,527)				
Thereafter		(343,364)				

	Beginning Balance		Additions			Retirements	 Ending Balance		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	4,036,778	S	(800,724)	\$	63,434	\$ 3,172,620		

Medicare on Behalf Payments. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$32,374, \$30,407, and \$24,650, respectively.

L. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION POOL

The District has established the Worker's Compensation Internal Service Fund to account for workers compensation claims. During the year ended August 31, 2019, Banquete ISD provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute "Interlocal Agreements" that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund engages the services of Ernst & Young to conduct an independent financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance in Austin.

M. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement or death of certain employees, the District pays only the state approved sick leave and vacation leave in a lump cash payment to such employee of his/her estate. The District does not recognize an accumulated sick leave or vacation leave liability.

N. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees of the Banquete Independent School District may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans With Respect To Service For State and Local Governments). The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the District. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The deferred compensation plan has been administered by an unrelated financial institution. Under the terms of an IRC Section 457 deferred compensation plan, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment of the deferred compensation amounts held by the financial institution, until paid or made available to the employees or beneficiaries, are the property of the District subject only to the claims of the District's general creditors. In addition, the participants in the plan have rights equal to those of the general creditors of the District, and each participant's rights are equal to his or her share of the fair market value of the plan assets. The District believes that it is unlikely that plan assets will be needed to satisfy claims of general creditors that might arise.

O. DEFERRED REVENUES

Bulletin 679 provides that Texas school districts record net tax levies initially as deferred revenue and convert those deferrals to realized revenue when the taxes are collected. A district may convert all delinquent tax collections expected to be made in the first sixty days of the next fiscal year from deferred revenue to realized revenue of the current year. Banquete Independent School District had the following deferred revenues at August 31, 2021:

	Ge	neral Fund	Debt	Service Fund	Total
Net Unrealized Property Taxes	\$	745,341	\$	339,130	\$1,084,471
Less amounts expected to be collected		(149,068)		(67,826)	(216,894)
Total Deferred Revenues	\$	596,273	\$	271,304	\$ 867,577

P. LITIGATION

The District is currently involved in various legal proceedings arising from its operations. The District believes that the outcome of these proceedings, individually and in the aggregate, will have no material effect on the District's financial position.

Q. OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS OR CONTINGENCIES

The District did not have any commitments and contingencies which needed to be reflected or noted in the financial statements.

R. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2021, are reported on the combined financial statements as Due From Other Governments and are summarized below:

Fund	En	State titlements		leral ants	Total			
General	\$	162,694	\$	2	\$	162,694		
Special Revenue		429,493	25	9,478	_	688,971		
Total	\$	592,187	\$ 25	9,478	\$	851,665		

S. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 6,324,836	s -	\$ 2,262,553	\$ 8,587,389
Penalties, Interest and Other Tax-related Income	114,182	6	38,714	152,896
Investment Income	1,736	3	1,648	3,387
Food Sales	L DEs-	90,696		90,696
Co-curricular Student Activities	29,340		•	29,340
Other	204,355	··	5,529	209,884
Total	\$ 6,674,449	\$ 90,699	\$ 2,308,444	\$ 9,073,592

T. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District's program for managing risks includes: 1) participation in a public entity risk pool (TASB) to cover liability claims such as workers compensation, life, medical and general liability claims;

2) purchasing commercial property insurance for protection from theft and damages due to windstorms, hurricanes, hail storms, floods, accidents and District's liability;

3) providing employees with various safety programs. Except for deductibles of up to \$10,000 on property damage and \$100,000 on windstorm damage, the District has transferred risk of loss to the public entity risk pool and commercial insurers. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Except for deductibles paid, settlement amount have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior fiscal years. In the event of a loss for uninsurable assets (underground pipelines and similar facilities) the District policy has been to maintain substantial reserves within fund balances.

The 2020 COVID-19 (Coronavirus) pandemic continues to disrupt businesses in America and the entire World. The District is striving to be highly attuned and is maintaining a heighten state of readiness for the principal risks and increased uncertainties ahead. Given the potential for rapid spreading of the virus, management will be evaluating the current and potential effects on its operations and financial reporting.

U. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

None.

V. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

W. EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through January 19, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

X. MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT

For fully insured districts/entities/risk pools, enter the total amount paid by the district for employee health care premiums as reported to TEA per Note L.

a) Total District Premium paid for health care 2020-2021			\$ 747,836
b) Subtract any non-medical expenditures			
Life Insurance	\$	1	
Long-Term Disability	-		1.2
c) 2019-2020 Maintenance of Effort			\$ 747,836

Y. GASB 63

GASB 63 – Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are incorporated into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and that measure is renamed as net position, rather than net assets.

Z. SPECIAL ITEM

The Special Item in the financial statements was for the (\$350,331) in architectural and construction expenditures related to litigation settlement that was received for faulty construction work done to the elementary school.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control Codes -		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	F	ariance With inal Budget Positive or
		Original		Final			(Negative)	
REVENUES		-		1.1.1				
 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 	\$	6,527,107 4,131,781	\$	6,449,722 4,115,206 -	\$	6,674,450 3.867.330 113,093	\$	224,728 (247,876) 113,093
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:	-	10,658,888	-	10,564.928	4	10,654,873	-	89,945
Current: 0011 Instruction 1012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 1013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 1023 School Leadership 1023 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 1024 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 1023 Health Services 1024 Student (Pupil) Transportation 1026 Extracurricular Activities 1026 Extracurricular Activities 1027 General Administration 1026 Data Processing Services 1027 Data Processing Services 1028 Debt Service: 1029 Principal on Long-Term Debt 1029 Interest on Long-Term Debt 1020 Intergovernmental:		6,313,192 110,119 150,452 693,187 359,215 83,085 419,140 532,497 684,864 1,312,980 218,171 3,600 221,500		6,183.320 110,468 149,452 696,301 362.551 83,375 524,842 556,845 710,338 1,300,387 218,764 4,426 187,888 33,612		5.984,686 83.384 164,279 685,061 433,674 71,362 340,608 511,885 761,080 1.599,885 250,101 2,311 187,888 16,911		198,634 27,084 (14,827) 11,240 (71,123) 12,013 184,234 44,960 (50,742) (299,498) (31.337) 2,115
D095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg	g.	15,000		15,000				15,000
5030 Total Expenditures	1	11.117.002	Ē	11,137.569		11.093.115		44,454
¹¹⁰⁰ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures SPECIAL ITEMS;		(458.114)		(572,641)		(438,242)		134,399
7918 Special Item - Resource		-		-	_	(350,331)	_	(350,331)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(458,114)		(572,641)	6	(788.573)		(215,932)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	3.976,537	_	3.976.537	-	3.976.537	_	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	3.518,423	\$	3,403,896	\$	3,187.964	\$	(215,932)

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BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Pla	FY 2021 n Year 2020	P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019	P	FY 2019 lan Year 2018
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.004680871%		0.003921722%		0.004102742%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,506,979	\$	2,038,634	\$	2,258,249
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		5,810,251		5,475,986		5,938,822
Total	\$	8,317,230	\$	7,514,620	\$	8,197,071
District's Covered Payroll	\$	7,100,182	5	6,368,922	\$	6,368,922
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		35.31%		32.01%		35.46%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

P	FY 2018 an Year 2017	P	FY 2017 lan Year 2016	Pl	FY 2016 an Year 2015	Pla	FY 2015 an Year 2014
	0.00373053%		0.003710186%		0.0034459%		0.0017238%
\$	1,192,822	\$	1,402,024	\$	1,218,080	\$	460,151
	3,530,359		4,101,463		3,777,788		3,340,420
\$	4,723,181	\$	5,503,487	\$	4,995,868	\$	3,800,571
\$	6,098,997	\$	6,202,071	\$	5,850,793	\$	5,476,195
	19.56%		22.61%		20.82%		8.41%
	82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR	FISCAL	YEAR	2021
	1		

	 2021	 2020	_	2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 197,608	\$ 163,439	\$	139,876
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(197,608)	(163,439)		(139,876)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	6
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,516,851	\$ 7,100,182	\$	6,476,485
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.63%	2.30%		2.16%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_
179,685	\$	225,375	\$	174,535	\$	138,804	\$
(179,685)		(225,375)		(174,535)		(138,804)	
(•	\$		\$, i i i	\$		\$
5,850,793	\$	6,202,071	\$	5,783,140	\$	6,368,922	\$
3.07%		3.63%		3.02%		2.18%	

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		FY 2021 Plan Year 2020		FY 2020 Plan Year 2019		FY 2019 Plan Year 2018		FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	
).008345811%		0.008536004%		0.008089357%		0.007444493%	
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	3,172,620	\$	4,036,778	\$	4,039,090	\$	3,237,331	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		4,263,241		5,363,979		5,537,271		4,946,432	
Total	\$	7,435,861	\$	9,400,757	\$	9,576,361	\$	8,183,763	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	7,100,182	\$	6,368,922	\$	6,368,922	\$	6,098,997	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		44.68%		63.38%		63.42%		53.08%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	4.99%		.99% 2.66%		1.57%			0.91%	

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021

	_	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	74,885 \$	76,252 \$	56,743 \$	57,113
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(74,885)	(76,252)	(56,743)	(57,113)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	7,516,851 \$	7,100,182 \$	6,476,485 \$	6,368,922
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.00%	1,07%	0.88%	0.90%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

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COMBINING AND OTHER STATEMENTS

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

Data		E	211 SEA I, A	ES	212 ESEA Title I		240 National		242 Summer
Contro	4		Improving		Part C	Bre	akfast and		Feeding
Codes		Bas	ic Program	1	Migrant	Lun	ch Program	- 3	Program
1	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,913	\$	(2,663)	\$	76,700	\$	4,383
1120	Investments - Current		3,990		-				
1240	Due from Other Governments		136,304		21,803		(H)		42,606
1260	Due from Other Funds		14		5,777		500		
1410	Prepayments						394		÷
1000	Total Assets	\$	144,221	\$	24,917	\$	77,594	\$	46,989
1	LIABILITIES								
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	8,434	\$	2,431	\$. 81	\$	1.1.2
2170	Due to Other Funds		73,711				9,350		16,644
2180	Due to Other Governments		62,073		22,486				
2300	Unearned Revenue								14°
2000	Total Liabilities		144,218	-	24,917		9,350	12	16,644
I	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		3		1.1		68,244		30,345
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance				-				
3000	Total Fund Balances	- 2	3		•	Ξ	68,244	1	30,345
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	144,221	s	24,917	s	77,594	s	46,989

244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant		255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting		266 ESSER -School Emergency Relief		270 ESEA VI, Pt B Rural & Low Income		277 Coronavirus Relief Fund CARES		397 Advanced Placement Incentives		429 Other State Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$		\$	(1,436) - 14,641	\$	13,357	\$	30,767	\$	44,562	\$		\$		\$	80,897 3,990 259,478 50,864 394
\$	-	\$	13,205	\$	13,357	\$	30,767	\$	44,562	\$	11	\$	÷.	\$	395,623
\$	2.2.2.2	\$	5,566 7,639 - 13,205	\$	13,357	\$	28,790 	\$	44,562	\$		\$	5,243 - - 5,243	\$	10,865 152,661 136,760 1,977 302,263
	4 4 5	Ļ	3			-	- 2	_	4.4	_	-	_	(5,243)	-	98,603 (5,243 93,360
\$	6	\$	13,205	\$	13,357	s	30,767	\$	44,562	\$	11	\$	-	\$	395,623

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data		E	211 SEA I, A	212 ESEA Title I		240 National	242 Summer
Contr	Control Codes		nproving	Part C	Breakfast and Lunch Program		Feeding
Codes			ic Program	Migrant			Program
1	REVENUES:					1000	
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	3 \$	5 -	\$	90,696 \$	
5800	State Program Revenues					18,350	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		192,413	76,745		305,360	1
5020	Total Revenues	1.2.1	192,416	76,745		414,406	
1	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		191,853	76,745		*	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		560				-
0035	Food Services			÷		524,631	
6030	Total Expenditures		192,413	76,745	_	524,631	1
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		3			(110,225)	4
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	<u> </u>		_	178,469	30,345
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	3 5	5 -	\$	68,244 \$	30,345

	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant	1	255 ESEA II,A Training and 'Recruiting	E	266 SSER -School Emergency Relief		270 SEA VI, Pt B Rural & Low Income		277 Coronavirus Relief Fund CARES		397 Advanced Placement Incentives	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
5		\$	1.0	\$		\$		\$	÷	\$		\$		6	90,699
			÷.								· ·		45,569		63,919
	*	_			153,945	_	13,147	_	-		č.,			1	741,610
	8	-		-	153,945		13,147	_		-		-	45,569	8	396,228
	ą				153,945		13,147		4		-		50,812	4	486,502
	े ले						15				-				560
		11			-		-							1	524,631
	8	_		_	153,945		13,147		•		÷	_	50,812	1,(011,693
					~		19		-		4		(5,243)	(1	15,465
_			é					_	-		- 11			1	208,825
\$		\$	4	\$		\$	1 13	\$		\$	11	\$	(5,243)	\$	93,360

T.E.A. REQUIRED SCHEDULES

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

1 S. 1784	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraise				
ast 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Rates	Value for School				
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes				
2012 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ 2,654,779,386				
2013	1.040000	0.472200	248,110,596				
014	1.170000	0.343200	276,105,849				
015	1.170000	0.343200	276,989,092				
016	1.170000	0.343200	315,995,467				
017	1.170000	0.343200	342,197,230				
018	1.170000	0.343200	371,175,352				
019	1,170000	0.299360	398,714,320				
2020	1,068400	0.378136	605,974,392				
2021 (School year under audit)	1.054700	0.378100	598,532,373				

1000 TOTALS

	(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2020	(20) Current Year's Total Levy		(31) Maintenance Collections	Ś	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2021
\$	259,831	\$ -	\$	12,118	\$	3,785	\$ (15,769) \$	228,159
	83,675	1 - 4		1,914		1,356	(555)	79,851
	63,836			3,774		1,124	(807)	58,131
	68,803	3		5,043		1,482	(713)	61,565
	57,888			4,865		1,430	(725)	50,869
	70,038	,		8,228		2,420	(433)	58,957
	101,597			13,132		3,882	(355)	84,227
	146,018	-		24,581		6,314	775	115,898
	215,027	-		59,588		21,085	1,275	135,628
		8,615,28	1	6,193,582		2,217,967	7,456	211,187
5	1,066,713	\$ 8,615,28	1 \$	6,326,826	\$	2,260,846	\$ (9,851) \$	1,084,471

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Budgeted	Amou	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		F	uriance With inal Budget Positive or	
	riginal		Final				(Negative)
						1.11	
\$	137,000 3,150 419,850	\$	137,000 3,150 419,850	\$	90,696 18,350 305,360	\$	(46,304) 15,200 (114,490)
_	560,000	-	560,000	-	414,406	-	(145,594)
	555,828		530,834		524,631	-	6,203
	555,828		530,834		524,631		6,203
	4,172		29,166		(110,225)		(139,391)
_	178,469	_	178,469	_	178,469	-	
\$	182,641	\$	207,635	\$	68,244	\$	(139,391)
	\$	Original \$ 137,000 3,150 419,850 560,000 5555,828 555,828 4,172 178,469	Original \$ 137,000 \$ 3,150 419,850 560,000 5555,828 555,828 4,172 178,469	\$ 137,000 \$ 137,000 3,150 3,150 419,850 419,850 560,000 560,000 5555,828 530,834 5555,828 530,834 4,172 29,166 178,469 178,469	Budgeted Amounts (G Original Final \$ 137,000 \$ 137,000 \$ 3,150 3,150 419,850 \$ 3,150 3,150 560,000 \$ 419,850 419,850 560,000 \$ 555,828 530,834 \$ 555,828 530,834 \$ 530,834 4,172 29,166 178,469	(GAAP BASIS) (GAAP BASIS) Original Final (GAAP BASIS) \$ 137,000 \$ 137,000 \$ 90,696 \$ 90,696 3,150 3,150 18,350 419,850 419,850 305,360 560,000 560,000 414,406 555,828 530,834 524,631 555,828 530,834 524,631 4,172 29,166 (110,225) 178,469 178,469 178,469	Budgeted Amounts (GAAP BASIS) F Original Final F \$ 137,000 \$ 137,000 \$ 90,696 \$ 3,150 3,150 18,350 419,850 305,360 560,000 560,000 414,406 560,000 560,000 560,000 414,406 - 555,828 530,834 524,631 - 4,172 29,166 (110,225) - 178,469 178,469 178,469 -

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control		Budgeted	Amou	ints		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or
Codes		Original		Final				(Negative)
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	2,217,790	\$	2,263,051	\$	2,308,444 9,177	\$	45,393 9,177
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:		2,217,790	-	2,263,051	-	2,317,621		54,570
 Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Cost and Fees 	2	1,950,000 256,550 6,000	F	1,950,000 256,550 6,000		1,950,000 184,241 21,584	1	72,309 (15,584
5030 Total Expenditures		2,212,550	-	2,212,550		2,155,825		56,725
200 Net Change in Fund Balances		5,240		50,501		161,796		111,295
100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	655,723	_	655,723	_	655,723	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	660,963	\$	706,224	\$	817,519	\$	111,295
							1000	

REPORTS ON

INTERNAL CONTROLS, COMPLIANCE

AND

FEDERAL AWARDS

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 5402 Holly Rd. Suite 102 Corpus Christi, Texas 78411 Office (361)980-0482 Fax (361)980-1002

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

Banquete Independent School District 4339 4th Street Banquete, Texas 78339

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Banquete Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 19, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Banquete Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Banquete Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Banquete Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raul Hernandez + Company, P.C.

Corpus Christi, Texas January 19, 2022

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

1	. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements of the auditee	Unmodified
2		None
	financial statements a. Significant deficiencies that were material weaknesses	No
3	그는 것 이렇게 귀구 가지의 것 같은 것 같아. 것 것 같아. 그리지 않는 것은 것이 없는 것 같이 없는 것 같이 없는 것이 없 않는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 않은 것이 없는 것이 없 않이 않는 것이 없는 것이 없 않이 않 않 않이 않 않이 않이 않이 않이 않이 않이 않이 않이 않이	No
4	 Significant deficiencies in internal controls over major programs disclosed by the audit of the financial statements 	None
	a. Significant deficiencies that were material weaknesses	None
5	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	No
6	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
7	. Findings disclosed by the audit of the financial statements which the auditor is required to report	None
8	Major Programs: N/A	
9	. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000
1	0. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee	Yes
	dings related to the Financial Statements which are required to be reported in accordance th generally accepted government auditing standards. None	

A. Questioned Costs: \$0.

III. Findings and questioned costs for state and federal awards. None

A. Questioned Costs: \$0.

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

N/A

BANQUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

N/A

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

	SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE	
BANG	QUETE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT	Fiscal Year 2021
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	0